



**Biodiesel:
A Policy Choice for Minnesota?**

**Douglas G. Tiffany
College of Agricultural, Food , and
Environmental Sciences**

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Economic Considerations for Biodiesel

- Farm Level Sustainability
- Costs to Produce Biodiesel from Soy Oil
- Retrospective Price History of Biodiesel
- Potential Economic Impacts for MN
- Incentive Programs: Current and Proposed
- Conclusions and Questions

Sustainability Issues



From the Avg. MN Soybean Acre:

- 45 bushels X 60 lb. = 2700 lb.

- Crush 2700 lb. :

540 lb. of soyoil

2160 lb. of soybean meal

- 540 lb. soyoil + 108 lb. of methanol = 70.13 gal.

- biodiesel/A.

- 45 bushels of soybeans produced

= 43 lb.

glycerine/A.

One Acre (45 bu.) of MN Soybeans

- Requires 7.4 gal. of Diesel to Produce
- Yields 70.1 gal. of Biodiesel, following other energy inputs
- Yields 2160 lb. of soybean meal
- Yields 43 lb. of glycerine

Energy Accounting

- Production of Soybeans
 - ◆ Imbedded Energy in Seed
 - ◆ Imbedded Energy in Fertilizer
 - ◆ Imbedded Energy in Chemicals
 - ◆ Explicit Fuel Energy in Tillage, Harvesting, Transportation

Energy of Processing/Distribution

- Energy in Crushing/Extracting
- Energy in Stabilizing Soyoil
 - ◆ Necessity? Non-Food Grade Oil?
- Energy to Transesterify Vegetable Oil
- Energy to Transport

Sustainability, Energy Security

- Energy Balance is Greater for Biodiesel (3.24) than Ethanol (1.25).
- Reductions in GHG and Tailpipe emissions
- Closed-Loop Cycle of Carbon Dioxide
- Home-Grown, not Subject to Terrorism or Embargoes

Costs to Produce Biodiesel



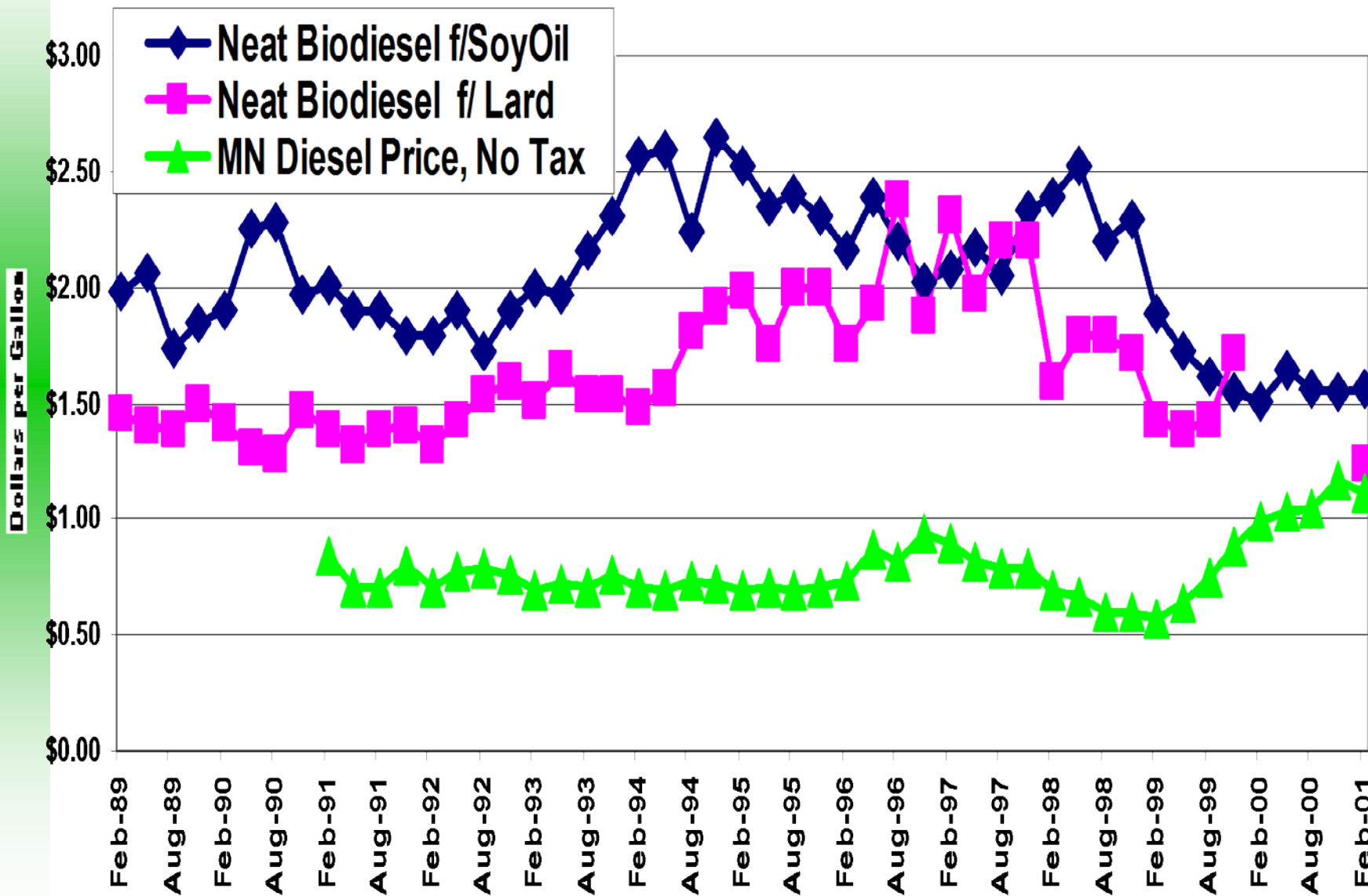
Table 1: Derived Price of Neat Biodiesel

Feedstock Oil Price Per Pound									
\$0.26	2.20	2.24	2.28	2.32	2.36	2.40	2.44	2.48	
\$0.24	2.05	2.09	2.13	2.17	2.21	2.25	2.29	2.33	
\$0.22	1.89	1.93	1.97	2.01	2.05	2.09	2.13	2.17	
\$0.20	1.74	1.78	1.82	1.86	1.90	1.94	1.98	2.02	
\$0.18	1.59	1.63	1.67	1.71	1.75	1.79	1.83	1.87	
\$0.16	1.43	1.47	1.51	1.55	1.59	1.63	1.67	1.71	
\$0.14	1.28	1.32	1.36	1.40	1.44	1.48	1.52	1.56	
\$0.12	1.12	1.16	1.20	1.24	1.28	1.32	1.36	1.40	
\$0.10	0.97	1.01	1.05	1.09	1.13	1.17	1.21	1.25	
	\$0.20	\$0.24	\$0.28	\$0.32	\$0.36	\$0.40	\$0.44	\$0.48	
	Net Processing Charge Per Gallon								

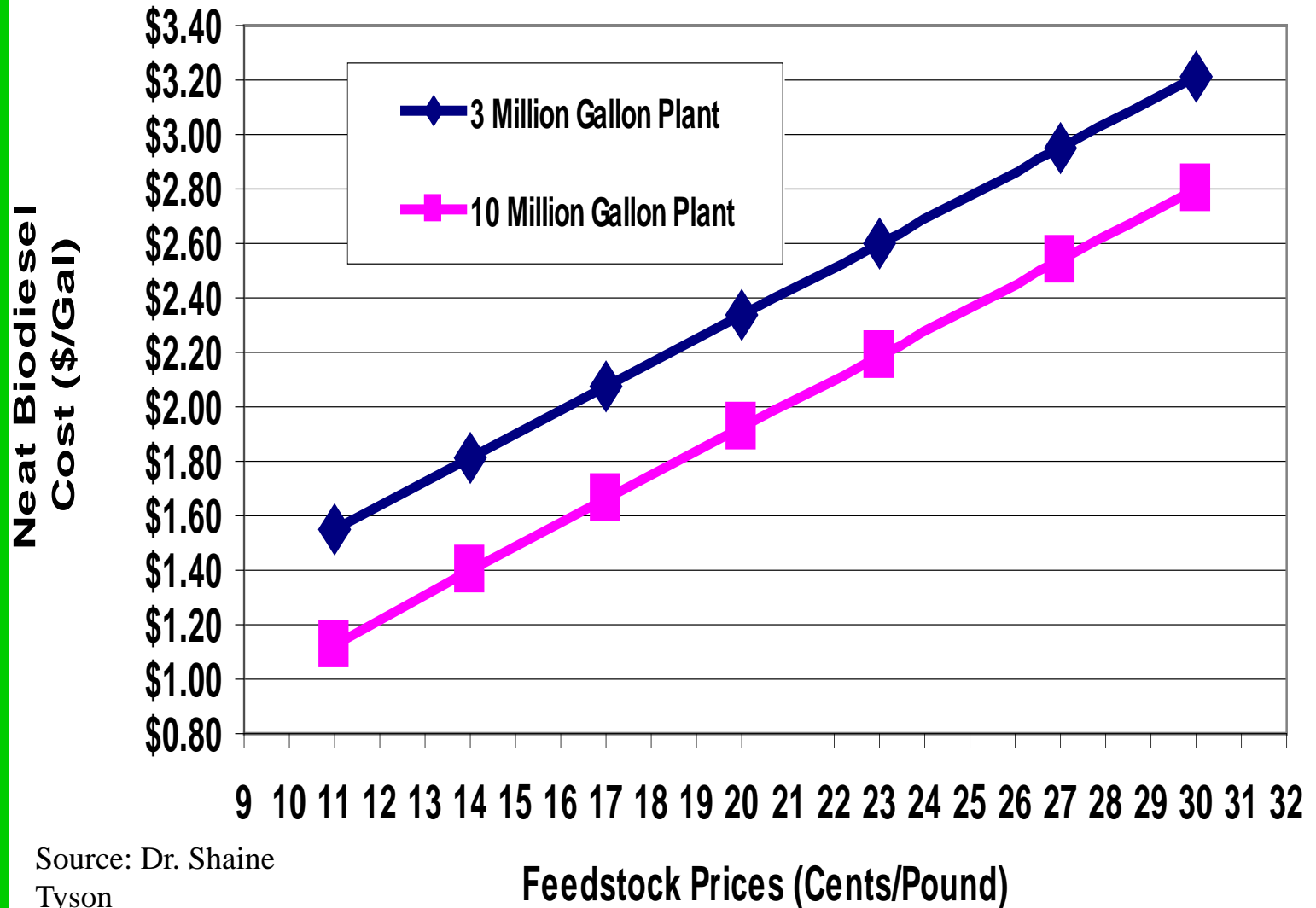
FAPRI Models Predict:

- Ten year average price of Soybean Oil at \$.17 per pound.
- Translates to Biodiesel derived from soy oil around \$1.66 per gallon.

Graph 1: Retrospective Prices of #2 Diesel and Neat Biodiesel from Soyoil and Lard

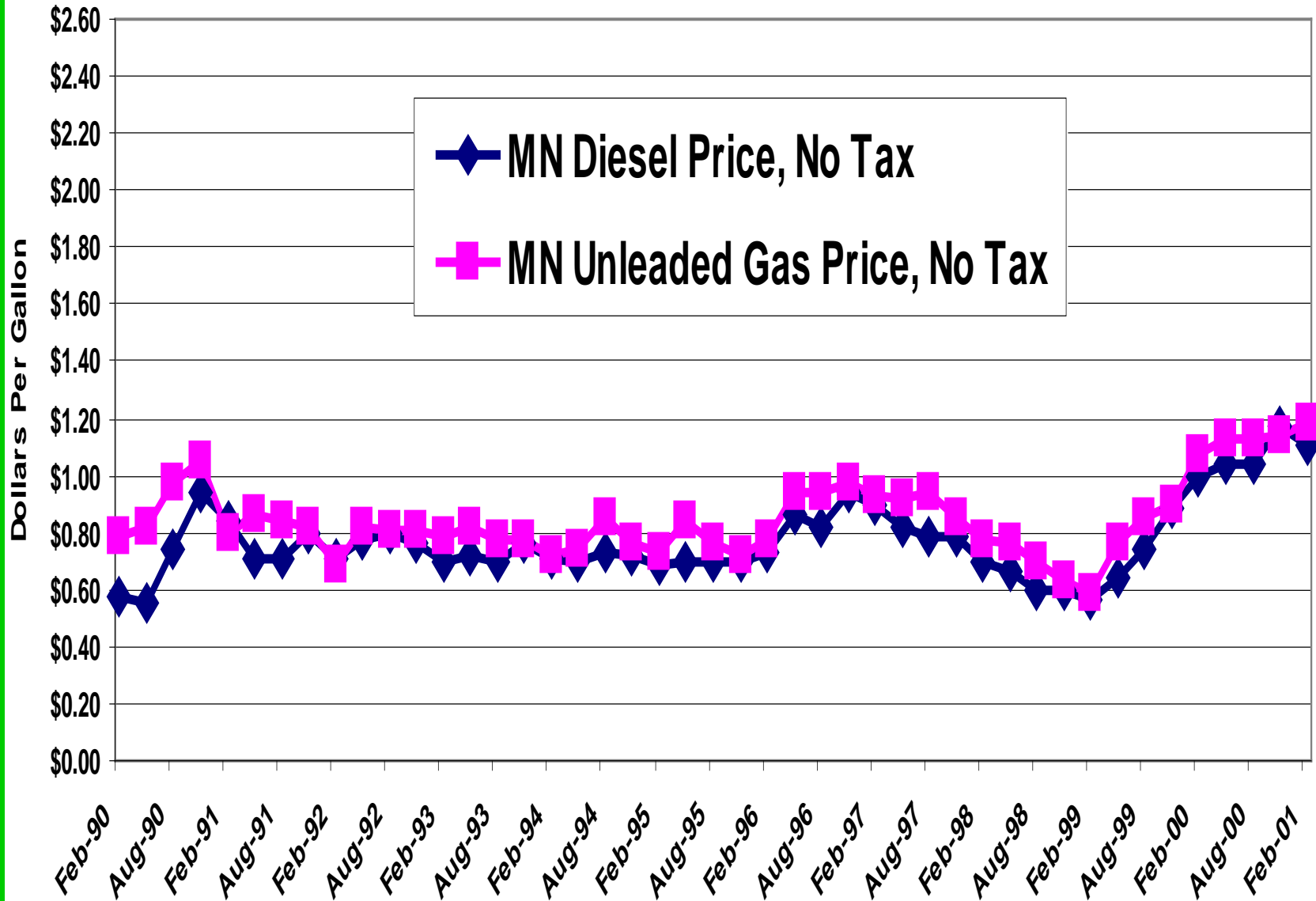


**Graph 1. Biodiesel Costs for Alternative Plant Sizes,
Feedstock Prices & 15% ROR**



Source: Dr. Shaine
Tyson

MN Pre-Tax Price Comparison: Lead-free Gas and Diesel



Price Affects of Biodiesel Blends

- 2%



		Neat	Table 2: 2% Biodiesel Blend Prices								
Fat & Oil Prices		Biodiesel Prices									
Per Pound		Per Gallon									
\$0.266		\$2.40	0.636	0.832	1.028	1.224	1.420	1.616	1.812	2.008	
\$0.240		\$2.20	0.632	0.828	1.024	1.220	1.416	1.612	1.808	2.004	
\$0.214		\$2.00	0.628	0.824	1.020	1.216	1.412	1.608	1.804	2.000	
\$0.188		\$1.80	0.624	0.820	1.016	1.212	1.408	1.604	1.800	1.996	
\$0.162		\$1.60	0.620	0.816	1.012	1.208	1.404	1.600	1.796	1.992	
\$0.136		\$1.40	0.616	0.812	1.008	1.204	1.400	1.596	1.792	1.988	
\$0.110		\$1.20	0.612	0.808	1.004	1.200	1.396	1.592	1.788	1.984	
\$0.084		\$1.00	0.608	0.804	1.000	1.196	1.392	1.588	1.784	1.980	
			\$0.60	\$0.80	\$1.00	\$1.20	\$1.40	\$1.60	\$1.80	\$2.00	
								Diesel Prices			

Low-Sulfur Diesel and Lubricity

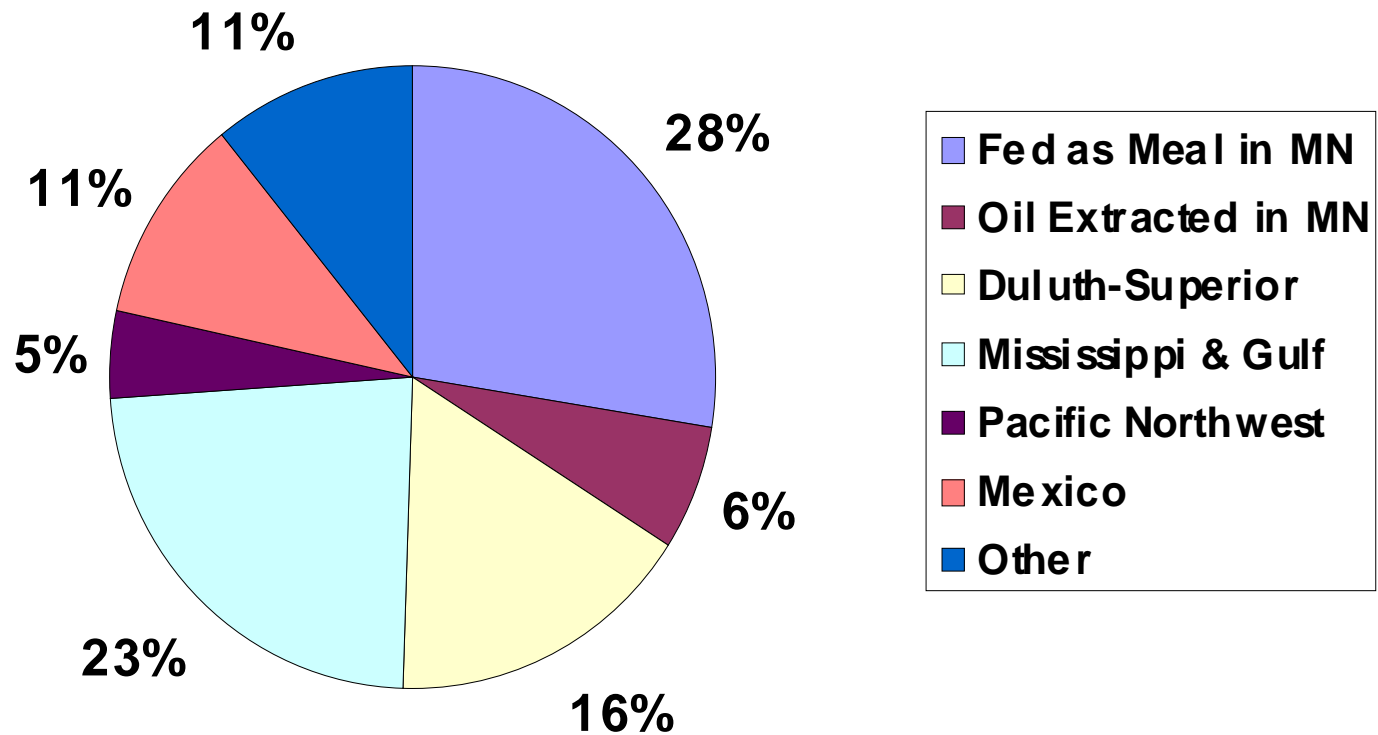
- In 2006 sulfur content of diesel fuel will be lowered from 500 ppm to 15 ppm
 - ◆ \$.045-\$.05 higher cost per gal. by EPA
 - ◆ \$.078-\$.106 higher cost/ gal. by Am. Petro. Inst
- In 2007 diesel engines will have catalytic convertors to burn more cleanly
 - ◆ \$1200-1900 more cost/ engine by EPA
- (Sulfur would make catalytic convertors fail.)
- Diesel fuel w/o sulfur loses lubricity, hastens wear on injection pumps, however, 2% Biodiesel blends restore lubricity.

Possibilities f/ MN Soybeans



Destinations of MN Soybeans in 1999

1999 Disposition of Minnesota Soybeans



Source: Tiffany & Fruin

MN Vegetable Oil Possibilities

- MN has “surplus” soy oil in state after crushing beans to satisfy soybean meal demand.
- MN crushed 34% of 1999 crop to feed livestock.
- MN consumers utilized 42.8% of the oil released by the crush of soybeans, BUT just 13% of oil of MN crop. (91.4# of all fats and oils per capita)
- Remainder soy oil crushed in state could make 77,890,860 gallons of biodiesel or 9.7% of MN diesel usage.
- MN would require
 - ◆ 16 million gal. biodiesel for 2% blend
 - ◆ 40 million gal. biodiesel for 5% blend

If all MN soybeans were crushed in the state, we would get-----

- Soy Oil of 3.34 Billion pounds
- Minus .45 Billion pounds used in MN/cap.
- Could make 375 million gal. of biodiesel, 47% of MN annual total usage.
- MN uses 800 million gal. of diesel annually
 - ◆ 550 million gallons on-road
 - ◆ 250 million gallons off-road

Economic Impacts for MN

- National Price Increase for Soybeans (U.S.D.A.)
 - ◆ \$.17 / bu. price increase of soybeans for each of ten years with increase from 24 - 377 Million Gal. of Biodiesel. (U.S. Tot. production 30 Mill.gal.)
 - ◆ Greater Increase in MN soybean prices because of higher basis levels and surplus supplies of soy oil.
 - ◆ U.S.-13,000 jobs– farm, food proc., mfg, service
- Slightly higher costs for blends if no reduction in Federal Diesel Excise Tax
 - ◆ 1.7 cents per gal. @ 2% blend
 - ◆ 4.7 cents per gal. @ 5% blend

Biodiesel Initiatives: Current & Proposed

- Bioenergy Program
 - ◆ C.C.C. payments for new capacity \$.85-\$1.17/gal.
- EPA Act Credits for Fleet Usage
- Proposed
 - ◆ Federal Diesel Excise Tax Reduction Proposal
Would Transfer Loan Deficiency Payments to
Lower Diesel Excise Taxes
 - ◆ National Renewable Standard (S. 1006) includes
biomass fuels and biogas
(.8% in 2002, to 5% by 2016)
 - ◆ State Mandates, City or Regional Transit

Research Identifying Attributes and New Uses for Biodiesel



Conclusions: Regarding Biodiesel

- Biodiesel Has Excellent Performance Attributes.
 - ◆ Lubricity, Cetane, Miscibility, Stability, Emissions
- Emerging Uses by Aircraft, Microturbines
- Encouragement at Federal Level Is Crucial.
- Good Timing w/ Ultra-Low Sulfur Levels (2006)
- Air Quality, Health Concerns of Public.
- Biodiesel Development Fits MN W/ Surplus Oil.
- There Are Advantages for MN as Trend-Setter.

Questions for Doug Tiffany:

Phone: (612) 625-6715

E-mail:

dtiffany@dept.agecon.umn.edu

Websites:

<http://agecon.lib.umn.edu/mn/p01-04.pdf>

www.biodiesel.org